

1年から3年までの動詞の形をまとめて確かめます。解答は裏面にあります。**短縮形は使わないこと**(is not を isn't と書かない)。

形	作り方	例 (play)
三人称単数現在	-s / -es / -ies	plays
過去形	-ed / 不規則	played
ing 形	-ing (e をとる・字を重ねる)	playing
過去分詞	規則動詞は過去形と同じ	played
will / can / do / does / did のうしろは 原形 。 be 動詞+ing=進行形、 have (has)+過去分詞 =現在完了。		

- (1)

三単現に

 clean
答 _____
- (2)

過去形に

 use
答 _____
- (3)

ing形に

 practice
答 _____
- (4)

過去分詞に

 walk
答 _____
- (5)

過去形に

 cook
答 _____
- (6)

過去分詞に

 help
答 _____
- (7)

過去の文に

 He finishes his work at five.
答 _____
- (8)

過去の文に

 Kate likes Japanese comics.
答 _____
- (9)

will の文に

 Mr. Green has two children.
答 _____
- (10)

現在進行形に

 Emi practices the violin.
答 _____
- (11)

現在完了の文に

 I wait for the bus. (twice を加えて)
答 _____
- (12)

過去の否定文に

 She practiced the piano every day.
答 _____

1年から3年までの動詞の形をまとめて確かめます。解答は裏面にあります。短縮形は使わないこと(is not を isn't と書かない)。

形	作り方	例(play)
三人称単数現在	-s / -es / -ies	plays
過去形	-ed / 不規則	played
ing 形	-ing (eをとる・字を重ねる)	playing
過去分詞	規則動詞は過去形と同じ	played

will / can / do / does / did のうしろは原形。be動詞+ing=進行形、have (has)+過去分詞=現在完了。

(1) 三単現に clean

答 **cleans**

clean → cleans

(2) 過去形に use

答 **used**

use → used

(3) ing形に practice

答 **practicing**

practice → practicing

(4) 過去分詞に walk

答 **walked**

walk → walked

(5) 過去形に cook

答 **cooked**

cook → cooked

(6) 過去分詞に help

答 **helped**

help → helped

(7) 過去の文に He finishes his work at five.

答 **He finished his work at five.**

finishes → finished

(8) 過去の文に Kate likes Japanese comics.

答 **Kate liked Japanese comics.**

likes → liked

(9) will の文に Mr. Green has two children.

答 **Mr. Green will have two children.**

will のうしろは原形

(10) 現在進行形に Emi practices the violin.

答 **Emi is practicing the violin.**

is + practicing

(11) 現在完了の文に I wait for the bus. (twice を加えて)

答 **I have waited for the bus twice.**

have + waited

(12) 過去の否定文に She practiced the piano every day.

答 **She did not practice the piano every day.**

did を使ったら動詞は原形にもどす